

成人高考高升专英语考试全真模拟（二）

一、语音知识：共5小题；每题1.5分，共7.5分。在下列每组单词中，有一个单词的划线部分与其他单词的划线部分的读音不同。找出这个词。

1、第1题读音不同的是

- A、chimney
- B、chicken
- C、chemistry
- D、chairman

答案：C

解析：

2、第2题读音不同的是

- A、ground
- B、blouse
- C、cousin
- D、thousand

答案：C

解析：

3、第3题读音不同的是

- A、gather
- B、gentle
- C、goat
- D、gold

答案：B

解析：

4、第4题读音不同的是

- A、comb
- B、globe
- C、smoke
- D、clock

答案：D

解析：

5、第5题读音不同的是

- A、treat
- B、head
- C、leaf
- D、cheap

答案：B

解析：

二、词汇与语法知识：共15小题；每题1.5分，共22.5分。从每小（ ）题的四个选择项中，选出最佳的一项。

6、 This restaurant has become popular for its wide _____ of foods that suit all tastes and pockets.

- A 、 division
- B 、 area
- C 、 range
- D 、 circle

答案： C

解析： 考点点拨:本题考查名词辨析。

应试指导:句意：这家餐馆越来越出名是由于它做的各种各样的食物适应各类人群。a wide range of意为“各种各样的”。

7、 It is illegal for a public official to ask people for gifts or money _____ favors to them.

- A 、 in addition to
- B 、 in place of
- C 、 in honour of
- D 、 in exchange for

答案： D

解析： 考点点拨:本题考查介词短语辨析。

应试指导:句意：对于一个公职官员来说，要求人们送礼或送钱来换取对他们的帮助是非法的。in addition to涂.....之外； in place of代替； in honour of向.....表示敬意； in exchange for交换

8、 It ' s _____ good feeling for people to admire the Shanghai World Expo that gives them pleasure.

- A 、 不填,;a
- B 、 a;不填,
- C 、 the ;a
- D 、 a ;the

答案： B

解析： 考点点拨:本题考查冠词辨析。

应试指导:句意：欣赏上海世博会带给人们的快乐，是一种非常好的感觉。feeling前有形容词修饰，故加不定冠词。pleasure作“快乐，欢乐”讲为不可数名词。故选B项。

9、 Lots of rescue workers were working around the clock, supplies to Yushu, Qinghai () province after the earthquake.

- A 、 sending
- B 、 to send
- C 、 having sent
- D 、 to have sent

答案： A

解析： 考点点拨:本题考查非谓语动词。

应试指导:句意：地震发生后，大量的营救人员夜以继日地为青海省玉树县提供补给。该空为现在分词短语作伴随状语，故选A项。

10、 Jack described his father ,who _____ a brave boy many years ago, as a strong-willed man.

- A 、 would be
- B 、 would have been
- C 、 must be
- D 、 must have been

答案： D

解析： 考点点拨:本题考查情态动词的用法。

应试指导:句意：杰克把他的父亲描述为一个意志坚定的人，他的父亲多年前肯定很勇敢=用must have been表示对过去事情的肯定推测。

11、 He spoke in such a high voice _____ at the farther end of the room.

- A 、 as to be heard
- B 、 to be heard
- C 、 as to hear

D、 to hear

答案: A

解析: 考情点拨: 本题考查非谓语动词。

应试指导: 句意: 他的声音如此之大以至于在房间的另一头都能被听到。such...as意为“如此.....以至于”, 且beheard是指他的声音被别人听到。故选A。

12、 The cost of living in Glasgow is among the lowest in Britain, _____ the quality of life is probably one of the highest.

A、 since

B、 when

C、 as

D、 while

答案: D

解析: 考情点拨: 本题考查连词辨析。

应试指导: 句意: 格拉斯哥的消费在英国是最低的, 然而, 生活质量有可能是最高的一个。while在此处是一个表示转折意义的连词, 意为“然而”, 表示the cost of living与the quality of life的对比。since引导原因状语从句, 意为“因为”; when引导时间状语从句, 意为“当.....的时候”; as可以引导时间状语从句也可引导原因状语从句。

13、 --I'm terribly sorry that I made your table cloth dirty. _____

A、 Nevermind

B、 Don't mention it

C、 That's all right

D、 Sorry

答案: A

解析: 一考情点拨: 本题考查日常交际用语。

应试指导: 句意: ——非常抱歉, 我把你的桌布弄脏了——没关系。Never mind“没关系”。

是回答对方道歉的用语; Sorry. “对不起”, 是向对方道歉的同语; Don't mention it“不要再提它了。是回答对方感谢的用语; That's all right“没关系, 不客气”, 是回答对方感谢的用语。

14、 The company had about 20 notebook computers, but only one-third _____ used regularly.

A、 is

B、 are

C、 was

D、 were

答案: D

解析: 考情点拨: 本题考查时态和主谓一致。

应试指导: 句意: 这家公司大约有20台笔记计算机, 但是只有三分之一经常被使用。一般来讲, 分数作主语时, 谓语用单数。但是由前半句about it 20 notebook computers可知, 此处用复数本句的时态是过去时, 因此应该用were。

15、 This one is _____ of the two.

A、 the best

B、 better

C、 the better

D、 much better

答案: C

解析: 考情点拨: 本题考查形容词比较级。

应试指导: 句意: 这一个两个中较好的。两者进行比较, 不用最高级, 排除A项。B、D两项不与of连用, 后多接than。表示“两者中比较.....的一个”, 多用定冠词+比较级+of。

16、 When we reached the station the train had not arrived yet ;so we _____

A、 needn' t have hurried

B、 didn't need to hurry

C、 neednot to hurry

D、hadnot needed to hurry

答案：A

解析：考情点拨:本题考查情态动词和虚拟语气。

应试指导:句意：当我们到达车站的时候，火车还没有到达，因此我们本不必这么匆忙。根据句意，后半句应用虚拟语气。needn't have done意为“本不必”。

17、Would you please keep silent? The weather report _____ and I want to listen.

A、is broadcast

B、is being broadcast

C、has been broadcast

D、had been broadcast

答案：B

解析：考情点拨:本题考查时态和语态。

应试指导:句意：请保持安静行吗?我想听正在广播的天气报告。说话间正在发生的动作，应用进行时，同时表示被动含义，故选B。

18、You and I could hardly work together, _____?

A、could you

B、couldn't I

C、couldn't we

D、could we

答案：D

解析：考情点拨:本题考查反意疑问句的用法

应试指导:句意：我和你不可能在一起工作，是吗?根据陈述部分是肯定形式，疑问部分用否定形式；陈述部分是否定形式，疑问部分用肯定形式，陈述部分中含有否定词hardly，故疑问部分用肯定形式，又因为主语是you and I，故选D。

19、Nowadays people sometimes separate their waste to make it easier for it _____.

A、reusing

B、reused

C、reuses

D、to bereused

答案：D

解析：考情点拨:本题考查动词不定式的用法。

应试指导:句意：现在人们有时把他们的废物分开，以便很容易被重复利用，重新再利用是指将来发生的动作，而且是被动的。故选D。

20、She is very dear to us. We have been prepared to do _____ it takes to save her life.

A、whichever

B、however

C、whatever

D、whoever

答案：C

解析：考情点拨:本题考查名词性从句的引导词。

应试指导:句意：她对我们来说是非常重要的，我们已经做好一切准备来拯救她的生命。whatever引导宾语从句，在从句中作宾语；用whichever引导，则表示“任何哪个”，与题意不符。

三、完形填空：共15小题；每题2分，共30分。通读下面的短文，掌握其大意。然后，从每小题的四个选择项中选出可填入相应空白处的最佳选项。

21、根据以下材料，回答{TSE}题

George and Margaret and their children 21 at 140 Davis Street, 22 the street from a small park. Their house is just off the main road. George usually goes to work by bus, but sometimes he goes 23 his car. The children usually go to school by bus.

The Glenns' house is 24 hidden among the trees. It has small bushes (灌木) planted around it. There is a fence 25 it and the house next door. It is a two-storey house, 26 the living room, dining room and kitchen (厨房) on the first floor, and the bedrooms and bathroom on the second floor.

The Glenns spend a lot of time at home. 27 now they are at dinner. Conversation (谈话) at the Glenns' house is usually lively at meal time. The children are discussing trips they would like to take. Susan ,who has never 28 on a plane ,says," I'd like to 29 a plane to California. "Henry, who is elder ,thinks it would be fun to be on a 30,heading for adventure (冒险) in Africa. Teddy, the youngest child, says, "I want to go around the world on a train. " His elder brother and sister are still trying to 31 to him why this is not possible 32 their mother says, "Children,you' ve spent too much time at the table. Henry and Susan, go and 33 your homework. Teddy, it' s time you were in bed. " Soon there is silence throughout the 34 . Teddy is in bed, Susan and Henry are in their rooms studying, and Mr. and Mrs. Glenns are in their living room, 35George is sitting in his favorite(最喜欢的) chair ,reading the paper and Margaret is sitting on the sofa ,doing some sewing.

{TS} 第21题答案是

- A 、 are
- B 、 work
- C 、 live
- D 、 stay

答案： C

解析： 考情点拨:词义辨析题。

应试指导:文章开头介绍George一家居住的街道和门牌号。故C项为正确答案

22、 第22题答案是

- A 、 on
- B 、 along
- C 、 over
- D 、 across

答案： D

解析： 考情点拨:固定搭配题

应试指导:George一家住在公园对面的街道上: across from在.....的对面。

23、 第23题答案是

- A 、 by
- B 、 on
- C 、 in
- D 、 for

答案： C

解析： 考情点拨:词语搭配题。

应试指导:在by bus, by bike, by train等短语中, by表示乘坐交通工具。但是如果交通工具名词前有冠词、代词等时, 介词也要相应变化, 如: on his bike, in the train, in his car等。

24、 第24题答案是

- A 、 hardly
- B 、 almost
- C 、 much
- D 、 far

答案： B

解析： 考情点拨:词义辨析题。

应试指导:almost几乎; hardly几乎不; much, far一般用于形容词比较级前, 表示程度。根据句意, 应选B。

25、 第25题答案是

- A 、 among
- B 、 between
- C 、 from
- D 、 across

答案： B

解析： 考情点拨:词义辨析题。

应试指导:在两者之间用between, 三者. 及5--者之上之间用among.

26、第26题答案是

- A、 and
- B、 but
- C、 so
- D、 with

答案: D

解析: 考情点拨:句法结构题

应试指导:本句的独立主格结构为: with+名词+介词短语

27、第27题答案是

- A、 Almost
- B、 Right
- C、 Just
- D、 Every

答案: B

解析: 考情点拨:词组辨析题。

应试指导:right now现在,一般用于现在时态; just now刚刚,一般用于过去时态

28、第28题答案是

- A、 ridden
- B、 flew
- C、 been
- D、 gone

答案: C

解析: 考情点拨:谓语动词题一

应试指导:坐过飞机的英语表达方式是have been on a plane, 而不用ride, fly等动词。

29、第29题答案是

- A、 ride
- B、 fly
- C、 take
- D、 travel

答案: C

解析: 考情点拨:固定搭配题。

应试指导:take a plane坐飞机。

30、第30题答案是

- A、 ship
- B、 boat
- C、 train
- D、 bus

答案: A

解析: 考情点拨:推理判断题,

应试指导: 本段讲述孩子们想旅游的方式。Susan想坐飞机, Teddy想坐火车, Henry想坐船去非洲。

31、第31题答案是

- A、 explain
- B、 say
- C、 tell
- D、 speak

答案: A

解析: 考情点拨:词义辨析题

应试指导:最小的孩子Teddy想坐火车周游世界,而哥哥姐姐向他解释说那是不可能的。explain解释。

32、第32题答案是

A、 then

B、 when

C、 suddenly

D、 and

答案: B

解析: 考情点拨:句法结构题。

应试指导:when在此处引导时间状语从句,意思是“正在这时”。

33、第33题答案是

A、 make

B、 do

C、 learn

D、 review

答案: B

解析: 考情点拨:固定搭配题。

应试指导:do one's homework做作业。

34、第34题答案是

A、 room

B、 home

C、 house

D、 Glenns

答案: C

解析: 考情点拨:句意理解题。

应试指导:从后面的内容可知,孩子们有的去睡觉,有的在学习,而大人则坐在起居室,所以房子里一片安静。

35、第35题答案是

A、 there

B、 here

C、 where

D、 now

答案: C

解析: 考情点拨:句法结构题。

应试指导:where是一个关系副词,连接一个非限制性定语从句。

四、阅读理解:共15小题;每题3分,共45分。阅读下列短文,然后根据短文的内容从每小题的四个选择项中选出最佳的一项。

36、根据以下材料,回答{TSE}题

"SesameStreet" has been called "the longest street in the world".

This is because the television program by that name can now be seen in so many parts of the world.

The program, which went on the air in New York in 1969, uses songs, jokes, and pictures to give children a basic understanding of numbers, letters and human relationships. More than 6 million children in the United States watch it regularly. The viewers (观众) include more than half the nation's children before school age.

Many teachers consider the program a great help, though some teachers find that problems happen when the first-year pupils who have learned from "SesameStreet" are in the same class with those who have not watched the program. Tests have shown that children who watch it five times a week learn more than those who seldom watch it. In the United States the program is shown at different hours during the week in order to increase the number of children who can watch it regularly.

Why has "Sesame Street" been so much more successful than other children's shows? Many reasons have been suggested. Perhaps one reason

is that mothers watch "Sesame Street" along with their children. But the best reason for the success of the program may be that it makes every child watching it feel able to learn. The child finds himself learning, and he wants to learn more.

{TS} People call "Sesame Street" the longest street in the world because

- A 、 it is the longest TV program ever produced
- B 、 it took much more time to put on this program than any other one
- C 、 it is shown almost throughout the world
- D 、 it has been on the air since 1969

答案: C

解析: 考情点拨: 事实细节题。

应试指导: 从第二段可知答案为c。

37、 "Sesame Street" is a TV program produced mainly for

- A 、 children
- B 、 children of school age
- C 、 primary school teachers and pupils
- D 、 mothers and their children

答案: A

解析: 考情点拨: 事实细节题

应试指导: 从第三段可知, “芝麻街”就是少儿电视节目。

38、 "Sesame Street" is so successful mainly because

- A 、 mother watch it with their children
- B 、 it contains songs, stories and jokes
- C 、 it is shown at different hours during the week
- D 、 children are willing and able to learn when watching it

答案: D

解析: 考情点拨: 事实细节题,

应试指导: 文章最后一段指出该节目成功的主要原因是: 孩子们看节目是想学并且能够学到知识。

39、 When the first-year pupils who have watched the program are in the same class with those who haven't,

- A 、 teaching will become a bit difficult
- B 、 they will not get on well with one another
- C 、 it is impossible to begin class at the fixed time
- D 、 they don't want to learn anything more

答案: A

解析: 考情点拨: 推理判断题

应试指导: 文章第四段中, 学校的老师发现将经常看这个节目的儿童和很少看这个节目的儿童编在一个班上课, 就会出现一些问题, 即教学可能会变得有点儿困难。

40、 根据以下材料, 回答{TSE}题

Jim was a greedy boy. He enjoyed having good food. One day when he came to have breakfast, he found there was only bread and gruel(麦片粥). So he didn't want to have any. Then he thought out a plan to fool his mother and get something good to eat. He put his hands on his stomach and said, "I've got a stomachache, Mum, and I don't want any breakfast now. " His mother said, "I'm sorry to hear that. Go to Doctor Jones and he will give you some medicine. You know his house. " Then she gave Jim some money and let him go by bus. Jim got off the bus after five minutes' ride. He didn't go to see Dr. Jones. He went into a shop and bought some pieces of cakes.

Jim was eating the cakes on his way back home. When he got home, his mother asked him, "What did Dr. Jones say, my boy?" Jim answered, "He said good food is better than any medicine for my stomachache. So I went and bought some cakes instead of buying medicine. "

Now Jim's mother knew what Jim's stomachache meant.

{TS} What did Jim's mother give him for the breakfast that day?

- A 、 Bread.
- B 、 Cake.
- C 、 Gruel.

D、 Both A and C.

答案: D

解析: 考情点拨:事实细节题。

应试指导:从第一段第三句可知, Jim的早餐只有面包和麦片粥

41、 That day Dr. Jones

A、 gave Jim some medicine

B、 went to see Jim

C、 didn't meet Jim at all

D、 advised Jim to buy some cakes

答案: C

解析: 考情点拨:推理判断题。

应试指导:妈妈给Jim一些钱让他找Jones医生治胃病, 但他没有去, 而是去商店里买了些蛋糕。所以, Dr. Jones根本没有见到Jim。

42、 At last Jim's mother

A、 gave her son some good food

B、 knew her son had told a lie

C、 bought some medicine for her son

D、 bought some cakes for her son

答案: B

解析: 考情点拨:推理判断题。

应试指导:从最后一段可推知, Jim的妈妈明白了, Jim说自己胃痛是撒谎。

43、 Jim is a boy marked by his

A、 cleverness

B、 honesty

C、 greed

D、 naughtiness

答案: C

解析: 考情点拨:推理判断题。

应试指导:文章开头指出Jim是一个贪吃的小孩。从后面的故事来看确实如此。

44、根据以下材料, 回答{TSE}题

A young woman rode with her new husband in a wagon(四轮马车). They came to a log cabin(小木屋). The man shouted and a little boy came running out of the cabin. Sarah, the young woman, got down from the wagon, opened wide her arms and held the boy close.

"Hello, Abe Lincoln," she said. "I think we'll be good friends. "

The new mother with the smiling face went to work at once. She washed Abe and his sister and tidied(弄整齐) their hair. And that night she threw away the boy's mattress(床垫) of leaves and gave him a soft mattress and enough blankets to keep him warm at night.

Sarah wove cloth and made new shirts for Abe. She made him new deerskin trousers and even deerskin shoes.

Maybe, if she hadn't come to the cabin, he wouldn't have lived to be a man. When Abe's father told him not to go to school any more and help on the farm, Sarah took Abe's part against his father. Abe would rather read than eat, and when his father told him to stop, Sarah said, "Let the boy read. "

In 1830 the day came when Abe would leave home to work in New Salem. For the last time she had taken Abe's part against his father. For the last time she had kept the cabin quiet so that Abe could read. More than twenty years later, when Abe, who had then become famous, was going to make a speech in a nearby town, Sarah went there just to watch him. In the crowd she tried to make herself small, but he saw her, and in front of everybody, got out of his carriage and went over and put his arms around her and kissed her. Yes, that was her Abe.

"He loved me truly," she said later.

{TS} Which of the following is not true?

A、 The young woman in the wagon was Abe's new mother.

B、 The man in the wagon was Abe's new father.

C、 The little boy was the young woman's new son.

D、 The little boy running out of the cabin was Abe.

答案: B

解析: 考情点拨:推理判断题。

应试指导:文章前三段介绍了人物之间的关系。年轻的妇女Sarah和丈夫是新婚。丈夫还有两个孩子, 其中的男孩叫Abe。故B项是正确答案。

45、If Sarah hadn't come to the cabin,

- A 、 Abe's father wouldn't have told him not to go to school
- B 、 Abe wouldn't have helped his father on the farm
- C 、 Abe wouldn't have had so much time to read
- D 、 Abe's father wouldn't have told him to stop reading

答案: C

解析: 考情点拨:事实细节题。

应试指导:从第五段可知, Abe的父亲反对他读书, 但是Sarah来到之后, 坚持让Abe读书。

46、 Sarah always took Abe's part against his father because she

- A 、 wanted to please Abe
- B 、 wished to be good friends with Abe
- C 、 knew Abe didn't love reading very much
- D 、 loved Abe truly

答案: D

解析: 考情点拨:推理判断题

应试指导:通过阅读全文, 可以看出作为继母的Sarah, 真的爱Abe

47、 Sarah said Abe loved her truly because

- A 、 Abe saw her in the crowd though she tried to make herself small
- B 、 Abe didn't forget about his mother 20 years later
- C 、 Abe kissed her in front of everybody
- D 、 Abe said this to her himself

答案: B

解析: 考情点拨:事实细节题

应试指导:从倒数第二、三段可知, Abe和Sarah, 二十多年没有见面了, 当AN"在人群中看到Sarah, 他当众拥抱Sarah并亲吻她, 说明Abe二十多年来没有忘记他的妈妈

48、根据以下材料, 回答{TSE}题

Bill and his family have been living in the same old building for eight years. The landlord (房东) also lives there ,and usually all the tenants(房客) get along fairly well with one another. Recently ,however ,there has been a change in their relations.

A nice,quiet old couple used to live there, too. The old lady would sometimes bring some small cakes she made to Bill's mother, who in return would give her some meat or help her with shopping. Unfortunately, the old lady died last month. As her husband couldn't live alone, his grandson moved in.

The grandson, a youth of about twenty, has become a problem to Bill's family because he is so noisy. Bill's family members were used to peace and quiet, but the youth likes to listen to his radio late at night. Sometimes his friends came for a visit, and they also made a lot of noise. Everyone in Bill's family has been bothered by the new comer and getting angry.

Bill's mother once politely asked the old man if he was able to sleep well at night, but it seemed that he didn't understand what she meant and so never spoke to his grandson about it. If he did, the grandson apparently didn't listen, since things have not changed any. Everyone in Bill's family agrees that something has to be done, but no one wants to hurt the old man's feelings or cause him any problems.

What do you think should be done?

{TS} Bill's family got angry with their neighbor because

- A 、 the old lady died
- B 、 a young man moved in
- C 、 the grandson made a lot of noise
- D 、 the young man could not live alone

答案: C

解析: 考情点拨:事实细节题

应试指导:从第三段可知, 邻居的孙子经常制造很大噪声, 因而使Bill一家很生气

49、In the sentence "Everyone in Bill's family has been bothered by the newcomer","bother" means

- A、scare
- B、cause trouble to
- C、worry
- D、make sorry

答案: B

解析: 考情点拨:词义理解题。

应试指导:bother的意思为“使……烦恼,给……造成麻烦”故选B。

50、The grandson makes a lot of noise as

- A、he never cares whether the neighbors might want to live in peace and quiet
- B、the walls of the building are thin
- C、he likes to listen to his radio early in the morning
- D、friends come to visit him

答案: A

解析: 考情点拨:事实细节题。

应试指导:邻居的孙子搬来后,在深夜收听收音机,有时有朋友来访。这些都表明,他从不关心邻居是否想过宁静的生活。

五、补全对话:共5句;每句满分为3分,共15分。根据中文提示,把对话中缺少的内容写在线上。这些句子必须符合英语表达习惯。打句号的地方,用陈述句;打问号的地方,用疑问句。

51、根据以下材料,回答{TSE}题

提示:星期五晚上有音乐会,Chris得到两张票,打电话给Linda,问她是否有空一同前往,并约她音乐会后一起吃饭。Linda听了非常高兴,两人相约六点四十五分在入口处见面。

Linda:Hello! This is Linda speaking.

Chris:Hello,Linda, this is Chris.51 this Friday evening?

Linda:Yes, why?

Chris :There's a good concert, and I've got two tickets. I wonder 52

Linda:That's great! 53?

Chris:7 o'clock. But how about 54 at 6:45?

Linda :OK.I think I can make it.

Chris:After the concert, 55, shall we?

Linda :Wonderful! Why don't we go to a Chinese restaurant?

Chris :Whynot? OK,see you Friday.

Linda:See you then. Bye !

{TS} 第51题答案是

Are you free

52、第52题答案是

if you can go to the concert with me

53、第53题答案是

What time does it start

54、第54题答案是

meeting at the entrance

55、第55题答案是

we'll go to a restaurant for supper

六、书面表达: 满分30分。

56、根据提示写一份举行隔周一次的英语晚会(every-other-week English evening)的书面通知提示:

1. 时间: 11月24日, 周六晚上7点。
2. 地点: 2号教学楼的报告厅(lecture room)。
3. 内容: 歌曲、朗诵(recitation)、舞蹈、话剧等, 还有美籍教师演讲。
4. 目的: 提高学生英语听说能力。
5. 报名地点: 办公楼203室, 学生会(Students' Union)。

注意:

1. 要点不得遗漏。
2. 符合书面通知的格式。
3. 词数为100左右。

One possible version:

NOTICE

In order to improve the students' listening and speaking ability, the every-other-week English evening is to be held in the lecture room, No. 2 Teaching Building, at 7:00 p.m. this Saturday, November 24th. Program includes songs, recitation, dances, plays and so on. And our English teacher from America is going to make a short speech about English study. Everyone is welcome. Those who would like to take part in it, please sign your names at the Students' Union. Room 203. Office Building.

